

United States Patent and Trademark Office



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.usplo.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/751,761	12/29/2000	Ronald D. Smith	2207/10119	5065		
75	90 10/12/2006		EXAMINER			
Kenyon & Kenyon			HUISMAN, DAVID J			
Suite 600 333 W. San Carlos Street			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
San Jose, CA 95110-2711			2183			
		•	DATE MAILED: 10/12/200	DATE MAILED: 10/12/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
09/751,761	SMITH, RONALD D.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
David J. Huisman	2183	

	David J. Huisman	2183	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence add	ress
 ГНЕ REPLY FILED <u>26 September 2006</u> FAILS TO PLACE THI		-	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or or this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Not a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliant time periods:	the same day as filing a Notice of wing replies: (1) an amendment, aff tice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in c	Appeal. To avoid aba fidavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	nce, which FR 41.31; or (3)
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date	of the final rejection.		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire I Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7	ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE 06.07(f).	g date of the final rejecti E FIRST REPLY WAS F	on. ILED WITHIN
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date nave been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of exunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office late may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply orig r than three months after the mailing da	of the fee. The approprinally set in the final Office	iate extension fee ce action; or (2) as
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on <u>26 September 2006</u> . A of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any replacements.)), or any extension thereof (37 CF	R 41.37(e)), to avoid	dismissal of the
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, (a) They raise new issues that would require further co (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below)	nsideration and/or search (see NO		ecause .
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in be appeal; and/or	, .	ducing or simplifying	the issues for
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	•	ected claims.	
The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1 Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)	21. See attached Notice of Non-Co	empliant Amendment	(PTOL-324).
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a non-allowable claim(s). 	•	timely filed amendme	ent canceling the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		II be entered and an o	explanation of
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:			
Claim(s) rejected: 20-38, as set forth in the final rejection			
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
3. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, be because applicant failed to provide a showing of good an was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).	d sufficient reasons why the affidat	vit or other evidence i	s necessary and
The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessare.	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appe y and was not earlier presented. S	al and/or appellant fa see 37 CFR 41.33(d)(ils to provide a 1).
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after e	ntry is below or attac	nea.
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered by see attached sheet.	it does NOT place the application i	n condition for allowa	nce because:
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). 13. Other:	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s).		
•			

On page 7 of the after-final remarks, applicant argues the rejection of claim 1, in substance that:

"On page 3 at section 6d, the Office Action asserts that claim 1 and the abstract of Swoboda teach this element, but applicant cannot find anywhere in the Swoboda reference where ascertaining an architectural state value from a neutral instruction is taught. The office action states that the cited sections of Swoboda teach receiving a value, but it appears Swoboda is referring to receiving instructions, not architectural state values of processor cores. It is also not apparent in Swoboda that whatever value the office action is referring to is being received as the result of executing a neutral instruction."

While fully considered, this argument is not found persuasive because the examiner feels that the abstract and claim 1 of Swoboda sufficiently teach the claimed subject matter. For example, the abstract states "While running or suspended, the emulation circuitry can jam an instruction into the instruction register of the processor to cause processor resources to be read or written on behalf of the emulation circuitry." That is, a neutral instruction is jammed into the processor's instruction register and ultimately causes a resource to be read. Claim 1 further states that "...the processor comprises: system resources including registers...and jamming circuitry connected to the instruction pipeline operable to jam an access for a system resource". So, the examiner feels that Swoboda has taught inserting a neutral instruction at a stall period, and in response to that instruction, reading a system resource such as a register, which holds an architectural state value.

EDDIE CHAN

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100